MATH 90 – CHAPTER 7



Need To Know



- Idea of rational expressions w/ restrictions
- Review reducing number fraction
- Review polynomial factoring methods
- How to reduce rational expressions



A rational expression is simply a polynomial fraction. The denominator can <u>NOT</u> be zero which requires us to place restriction on the x's we plug into the polynomials fractions.

4	<i>x</i>	x-5
\overline{x}	5x - 15	$x^2 + 5x + 6$



Reduce <u>18</u> 24

How to Reduce

- 1. Factor
- 1. By shortcut
- 2. Divide common
 - factors
- 2. Show all steps

Review Factoring Polynomials (A) Factor GCF Look at the Number of Terms (B) <u>Two Terms</u> – Use Formula 1. $A^2 - B^2 = (A + B)(A - B)$ 3. $A^3 - B^3 = (A - B)(A^2 + AB + B^2)$ 2. $A^2 + B^2$ can't factor 4. $A^3 + B^3 = (A + B)(A^2 - AB + B^2)$ Three Terms Guess, check, and revise Formulas 1. $A^2 + 2AB + B^2 = (A + B)^2$ 2. $A^2 - 2AB + B^2 = (A - B)^2$ Four Terms By Grouping Method (c) Always Factor Completely. Try to factor more!

Reduce to lowest terms How to Reduce

$$\frac{45x^2y^3}{9x^5y}$$



Reducing Rational Expressions

-			
Reduce	to	lowest	terms

How to Reduce

 $\frac{5a+15}{10a^2-90}$

 $\frac{x^2-4}{x^2-2x-8}$

Factor
Divide common

2. Divide com factors

Reducing Rational Expressions

Reduce to lowest terms

How to Reduce

Factor 1.

 $\frac{x-3}{3-x}$

- $\frac{7a^2 7b^2}{3b^2 3a^2}$ 2. Divide common factors



- Review multiplication and division of fractions
- Multiplying and dividing rational expressions

Reducing Fractions (Canceling)

Reduce each:

$$\frac{4}{4} \quad \frac{4}{12} \quad \frac{a}{3 \cdot a} \quad \frac{6}{x+6} \quad \frac{x+6}{x+6}$$

Multiplying Fractions - Review

Recall:	Examples
$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{\mathbf{b}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{d}} = \frac{\mathbf{a}\mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{b}\mathbf{d}}$	$\frac{10}{35} \cdot \frac{6}{20}$
Multiply Factions	
1. Reduce	
a) Factor	
h) Divide	

- b) Divide common factors
- 2. Multiply/simplify



<u>Mı</u>	ultiply Factions	Multiply	
1.	Reduce	$2a+10$ a^2	$x-5 x^2-4$
	a) Factor	$\frac{2a+16}{a^3}\cdot\frac{a}{3a+15}$	$\frac{n-2}{r+2}\cdot\frac{n-1}{3r-15}$
	b) Divide common factors	<i>u</i> 5 <i>u</i> +15	x + 2 5x = 15

2. Multiply/simplify

Multiply Rational Expressions

Multiply Factions Multiply

- 1. Reduce
- $\frac{x^2 + 5x + 4}{x^2 6x + 8} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 5x 14}{x^2 + 8x + 7}$
- common factors

a) Factor

b) Divide

2. Multiply/simplify

	Dividing I	Fractions	- Review
Re	ecall:	Examp	oles

Recall:			Exam	
a	. с	ad	9.6	
$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	$\frac{1}{d}$	$\frac{b}{c}$	$\overline{7}$ $\overline{35}$	

Divide Factions

- 1. Change division into multiplication
- 2. Multiply by the reciprocal of the second fraction





Need To Know



Special Focus on Proportions

- Idea of proportions
- How to solve proportion
- Solving proportion word problems

Ratios and Proportions

A <u>**ratio**</u> is a way to compare two numbers. We write a ratio of a and b as: *a* to *b* or $\frac{a}{b}$

A **proportions** is an equation of two ratios.

Examples – Yes or No:

12	1	2	8	3	5	2
36	3	<u> </u>	x	\overline{x}	7	$\overline{x^2}$

Solving Proportions

Solve proportions by cross multiplying the equations.

$$\frac{a-4}{a+6} = \frac{1}{3} \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{4}{x-1}$$



Solve proportions by cross multiplying the equations.

3	w + 10	<i>x</i> _	18
w + 7	w+7	$\frac{1}{2}$	<i>x</i>



To estimate the number of trout in a lake, a naturalist catches, tags and releases 112 trout.⁵ Later, 82 trout are caught; 32 of the have tags. Estimate the number of trout in the lake.

Apply Proportions

Apply Proportions

A manufacturer knows that during production, 8 out of 100 parts made are defective. If they plan to produce 1,650 parts, how many can they expect to be defective.

> <u>Tools</u> 1. Keywords 2. Drawing 3. Simpler problem 4. Tables/Patterns 5. Charts 6. Guess 7. Verbal Model

<u>Steps</u>

5. Charts 6. Guess 7. Verbal Model

1. Familiarize
2. Translate
3. Carry out
4. Check
5. State answer

5. State answer

Steps

Tools 1. Keywords 2. Drawing 3. Simpler problem 4. Tables/Patterns